UKRAINE AND THE WORLD

Ye. Streltsov,

Doctor of Law Sciences, Doctor of Theology, Professor, Corresponding member of National Academy of Law Sciences of Ukraine, Academic Secretary of the Southern Regional Center National Academy of Law Sciences of Ukraine, Honored worker of science and technique of Ukraine

REGULATION OF COMPLEX SOCIAL PROCESSES IN INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL LAW

This article analyzes the problems of regulation, through the provisions of international and national law, complex social processes related to the protection of the rights and freedoms of human and citizen.

Legal regulation is carried out by government and civil society using the totality of legal means of ordering social relations. Remedies regulation is the legal provisions, legal acts and the implementation of law. Rights as chief legal process are the unity of the three interrelated legal process: lawmaking, the right, the application of law. Preferably, the legal regulation is imperative, peremptory influence on social relations.

With the development of human civilization legal regulation began occur not only in the domestic, national, and increasingly began to enter the interstate level and acquire the character of international law. National and international legal regulation significantly increased since the second half of the last century, when largescale multidimensional processes are accelerated and increasing flows of ideas, capital, goods and services, labor force, which became known as globalization, caused fundamental changes that are taking place at all levels of the international community. This suggests that these processes are transforming international law and are beginning to form a so-called global law.

It should be borne in mind that globalization brings not only significant socio-economic achievements. It has significant risks that may manifest. for example, in the uneven economic and social development, technological differentiation. socio-economic backwardness of some countries due to their uncompetitive industrial capacity, weakness of the resource base and so on. Therefore, any development of the private equity and some increase in financial elites must necessarily agree with the degree and depth of the social development of the social life of the population, the need for non-observance of human rights and freedoms, their legal protection. Thus, each of these areas of social life requires a separate analysis.